<u>Critical Terms in Japanese Poetry</u>

semantic: having to do with the meaning of a literary work syntactic: having to do with the grammar and/or position of words and phrases

yūgen: aura of mystery, allusiveness and depth of symbolic meaning

sabi: an effect of loneliness, especially associated with yūgen

yojō: overtones; usually arising from allusions to works from the courtly past or connotations surrounding courtly words and images

en: rich, romantic beauty associated with atmosphere of court tradition

ushin 有心: style of intense feeling (see also below)

 $ushin\ no\ jo\$ 有心 \mathcal{O} 序: indicates that a natural image or place name in a $jo\ kotoba$ is meaningful (has a semantic connection) in relation to the meaning of the poem as a whole

mushin no jo 無心 \mathcal{O} 序: indicates that the jo kotoba has only a syntactic connection (via a pun or repetition) to the meaning of the poem as a whole (and might therefore be ignored in translation).